

TASMANIAN ACCOMMODATION REPORT

OCTOBER 2025

Tourism Tasmania's **Monthly Accommodation Report** contains a summary of commercial and short-stay accommodation results for the state and regions, drawing on data from STR Global and AirDNA. These reports complement Tourism Tasmania's regular quarterly reporting on the visitor economy including the <u>Tasmanian Tourism Snapshot</u> and updates to the interactive <u>TVS Analyser</u> dashboard.

STATE SUMMARY

Statewide room-nights booked were up on last year, for the month, quarter and year ending October 2025, continuing from the buoyant winter period for accommodation demand and visitation.

- In line with state-level seasonal trends, occupancy in October increased from September, across all regions.
- October 2025 saw a record number of nights booked in short-stay accommodation for any previous October (84.5k, +9.9% on 2024).
- Occupancy in the commercial sector was 78.4% in the month of October 2025, 5.8% points above October 2024 (72.6%).

REGIONAL INSIGHTS

SOUTHERN

— The south saw an overall lift in room nights booked across commercial and short-stay accommodation for the month, quarter and year ending October 2025. Short-stay booked nights set a record for the month of October, and commercial occupancy reached the highest level in an October since 2019.

NORTHERN

Total room nights booked were up on last year for the month and year ending October 2025, with the
quarter remaining stable. The northern region saw records in the month of October 2025 for both
short-stay booked nights and commercial accommodation occupancy.

EAST COAST

 The east coast experienced a lift in nights booked for the month, quarter and year ending October 2025 from last year. Short-stay booked nights set a record for the month of October, and commercial has reached its highest level in over 5 years.

NORTH WEST

 Overall room nights booked across the north west were up for the month, quarter and year ending October 2025. The region experienced a record for booked nights in short-stay accommodation as well as the highest commercial occupancy rate for an October since 2019.

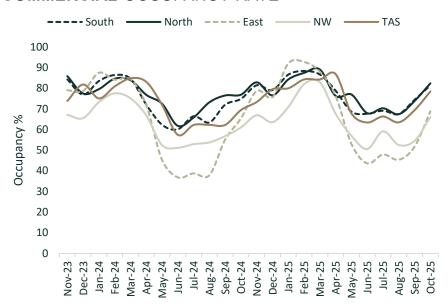
WEST COAST

Booked nights were up across the west coast for the month, quarter and year ending October 2025.
 Short-stay nights booked reached its highest level ever for an October. No data is available for this region for commercial occupancy rates.

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COMMERCIAL OCCUPANCY RATE

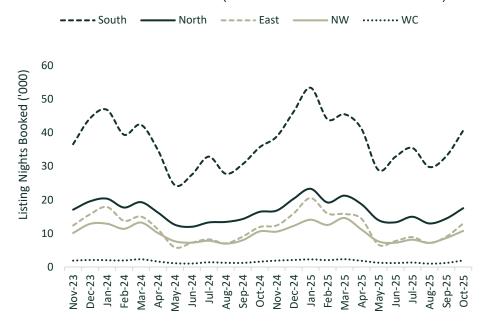


COMMERCIAL OCCUPANCY % RATE

Month of: Oct	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025
TASMANIA	79.5	41.4	54.1	72.9	77.1	72.6	78.4
Southern	88	38	57	73	77	75	81.4
Northern	72	39	51	82.1	74	77	82.4
East Coast	52	60	48	65	68	65	68.8
North West	77	61	45	56	63	61	66.0
West Coast	no data						

Figures are rounded to nearest whole percentage, unless where rounding may obscure small differences. Blank cells = no data

SHORT-STAY DEMAND (LISTING NIGHTS BOOKED)



SHORT-STAY DEMAND (LISTING NIGHTS BOOKED)

Month of: Oct	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025
TASMANIA	53.1	45.7	48.7	74.5	72.0	76.9	84.5
Southern	27.8	17.1	19.6	34.0	33.4	35.7	40.7
Northern	10.2	10.0	11.0	15.7	14.7	16.4	17.5
East Coast	6.8	9.5	8.9	12.9	11.4	11.9	13.0
North West	6.58	7.33	7.65	9.62	10.08	10.61	10.77
West Coast	1.05	1.20	1.08	1.58	1.85	1.58	1.96

Figures are in thousands and rounded to nearest 100

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COMMERCIAL OCCUPANCY RATE

October	Month		
	2024	2025	% pt chg
TASMANIA	72.6%	78.4%	▲ 5.8
Southern	74.8%	81.4%	▲ 6.6
Northern	76.9%	82.4%	▲ 5.5
East Coast	65.4%	68.8%	▲ 3.4
North West	61.0%	66.0%	▲ 5.0
West Coast	no data		ata

	Quarter				
2024	2025	% pt chg			
65%	70%	▲ 5.8			
70%	74.4%	4.3			
76%	74.6%	▼ -1.0			
53%	55.3%	▲ 2.5			
57%	57.7%	▲ 0.5			
	no data				

	Year Ending				
2024	2024 2025 % pt chg				
72%	75%	<u>^</u> 2.7			
74%	77%	▲ 3.6			
76%	78%	▲ 1.7			
64%	68%	▲ 4.1			
63%	64%	▲ 1.7			
no data					

Percentage point change refers to the absolute difference between two percentages and is calculated from the unrounded figures.

SHORT-STAY DEMAND (LISTING NIGHTS BOOKED - '000s)

October	Month			
	2024	2025	% chg	
TASMANIA	76.9	84.5	4 9.9%	
Southern	35.7	40.7	1 4.0%	
Northern	16.4	17.5	▲ 6.6%	
East Coast	11.9	13.0	▲ 8.7%	
North West	10.6	10.8	▲ 1.6%	
West Coast	1.6	1.96	▲ 23.8%	

	Quarter				
2024	2025	% chg			
197.6	209.7	▲ 6.2%			
94.1	103.5	1 0.0%			
44.2	44.9	▲ 1.7%			
28.0	29.1	▲ 3.8%			
25.6	26.6	▲ 4.1%			
4.1	4.2	2.8%			

	Year Ending				
2024	2025	% chg			
897.4	977.3	▲ 8.9%			
423.3	469.9	▲ 11.0%			
192.3	206.8	▲ 7.5%			
135.3	147.4	▲ 8.9%			
118.9	124.8	4 .9%			
19.5	20.5	4 .9%			

Figures are in thousands and rounded to nearest 100. Percentage change is based on the unrounded figures.

CHANGE KEY

- ▲ More than 1% or 1 percentage point
- ▼ Below -1% or -1 percentage point
- ▶ Stable when change is between -1% & +1%, or -1 to +1 percentage point

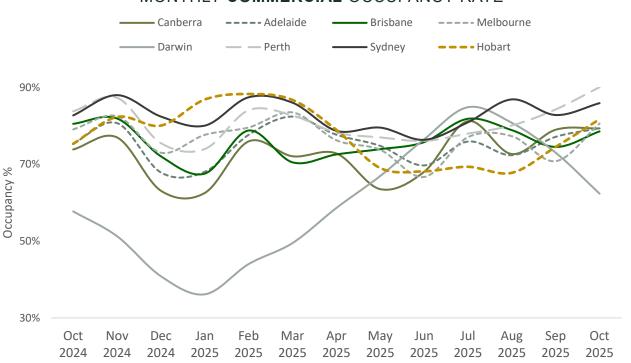


CAPITAL CITY OCCUPANCY

LAST 12 MONTHS TO OCTOBER 2025

- Hobart had the third highest occupancy of the capital city areas in the **month** of October 2025, however it
 had the greatest percentage point increase in occupancy rate from the same month last year.
- On an **annual** basis (12 months to October 2025), Hobart occupancy was up 3.6% points, which was above the national average of +2.9% points, resulting in a lift to third highest for annual occupancy.

MONTHLY COMMERCIAL OCCUPANCY RATE





DATA SOURCES

COMMERCIAL ACCOMMODATION

Compiled by global research company STR drawing on data provided by operators across multiple accommodation types including hotels, motels, lodges and holiday parks, and primarily properties with more than 10 rooms. Regional data is only provided for a region when the mix of providers is representative across operator size, rating, brand affiliation and rates. The West Coast does not have sufficient operator participation for occupancy reporting.

SHORT-STAY ACCOMMODATION

Compiled by AirDNA from Airbnb and VRBO platforms covering holiday homes, shacks, pods and self-contained apartments, as well as some traditional bed and breakfasts. Tourism Tasmania reporting includes only 'entire places', where a guest has access to their own kitchen, bathroom and bedrooms. Demand (booked nights) is the preferred indicator for the short-stay sector, as it removes any fluctuations from properties going on and off availability, such as properties only listed over peak periods.

NOTES ON INTERPRETING THE DATA

Both are effectively samples of the sectors, with neither reaching 100% coverage of all accommodation options, such as paid sites for camping or caravans, and does not include nights spent in other options (e.g. staying with family or at a friend's shack). There can be duplication of listings across commercial and short-stay datasets. While the datasets provide an indication of demand for the main accommodation options, this is only one aspect of visitation to a region. Tourism Tasmania regularly publishes a range of visitor data at www.TourismTasmania.com.au/research/visitors

HELP US IMPROVE THE COMMERCIAL DATA

Commercial accommodation operators can help improve this dataset by contributing to the STR program.

STR provides accommodation operators an opt-in system to add their data to an anonymous aggregate report, drawing on a broad capture of platforms and booking systems, across a wide range of accommodation types.

Please contact Jacqueline (jchoo@str.com) to contribute anonymously to industry insights and monitoring, and access your own bespoke report.

KEY TERMS

- Listing nights booked is the number of nights a listing was booked in a period. A 'listing' for this reporting is a single bookable option, regardless if that is a two-bedroom hotel room or four bedroom short-stay property.
- Occupancy rate is the room nights booked divided by room nights available, expressed as a percentage.
- Percentage point change refers to the absolute difference between two percentages, whereas percent change is the percentage difference from another value.
- Percent and percentage point changes in this report are calculated on the unrounded figures with more decimal places shown where figures are close and benefit from further differentiation.

Find more **Visitor Economy data and insights** at www.tourismtasmania.com.au/research/visitors



